

5.3.2 Let f and g be continuous functions on $[a, b]$.

5.3.2.a Use the triangle inequality to prove that

$$\left| \|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty \right| \leq \|f - g\|_\infty.$$

We know that f and g are continuous functions on $[a, b]$. By theorem 3.2.1, both f and g are bounded. Thus, the notion of sup norm may be used.

Following the same line of logic as in exercise 1.1.10, we have:

$$\|f\|_\infty = \|f + 0\|_\infty = \|f - g + g\|_\infty \leq \|f - g\|_\infty + \|g\|_\infty \text{ by the triangle inequality.}$$

Thus, $\|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty \leq \|f - g\|_\infty$. Similarly, we have:

$$\|g\|_\infty = \|g + 0\|_\infty = \|g - f + f\|_\infty \leq \|g - f\|_\infty + \|f\|_\infty \text{ by the triangle inequality.}$$

$$\text{Thus, } \|g\|_\infty - \|f\|_\infty \leq \|g - f\|_\infty = \|f - g\|_\infty.$$

Since $\left| \|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty \right| = \begin{cases} \|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty & \text{if } \|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty \geq 0 \\ \|g\|_\infty - \|f\|_\infty & \text{if } \|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty < 0 \end{cases}$, it follows that

$$\left| \|f\|_\infty - \|g\|_\infty \right| \leq \|f - g\|_\infty. \text{ Q.E.D.}$$

5.3.2.b Suppose that $f_n \rightarrow f$ in the sup norm. Prove that $\|f_n\|_\infty \rightarrow \|f\|_\infty$.

Proof of exercise 5.3.1.b:

We know that f and g are continuous functions on $[a, b]$. By theorem 3.2.1, both f and g are bounded. Thus, the notion of sup norm may be used.

Since $f_n \rightarrow f$ in the sup norm, $\forall \varepsilon > 0, \exists N(\varepsilon) > 0 \ni \forall n \geq N, \|f_n - f\|_\infty \leq \varepsilon$.

By part a, we know that $\left| \|f_n\|_\infty - \|f\|_\infty \right| \leq \|f_n - f\|_\infty$.

Choosing $n \geq N$, we have:

$$\left| \|f_n\|_\infty - \|f\|_\infty \right| \leq \|f_n - f\|_\infty \leq \varepsilon. \text{ That is, } \|f_n\|_\infty \rightarrow \|f\|_\infty. \text{ Q.E.D.}$$